

$$\textcircled{1} \quad F(s) = \frac{6s^2 - 12}{s^3 + s^2 - 4s - 4}$$

$$\rho = -1, \pm 2$$

$$F(s) = \frac{6s^2 - 12}{(s+1)(s+2)(s-2)} = \frac{A}{(s+1)} + \frac{B}{(s+2)} + \frac{C}{(s-2)}$$

Por Heaviside:

$$A = \frac{6s^2 - 12}{(s+2)(s-2)} \bigg|_{s=-1} = \frac{-6}{-3} = 2$$

$$B = \frac{6s^2 - 12}{(s+1)(s-2)} \bigg|_{s=-2} = \frac{12}{4} = 3$$

$$C = \frac{6s^2 - 12}{(s+1)(s+2)} \bigg|_{s=2} = \frac{12}{12} = 1$$

$$F(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)} + \frac{3}{(s+2)} + \frac{1}{(s-2)}$$

$$F(t) = 2e^{-t} + 3e^{-2t} + e^{2t} //$$

Por igualdade dos coeficientes:

$$\begin{aligned} 6s^2 - 12 &= A[(s+2)(s-2)] + B[(s+1)(s-2)] + C[(s+1)(s+2)] \\ 6s^2 - 12 &= A[s^2 - 4] + B[s^2 - s - 2] + C[s^2 + 3s + 2] \\ \begin{cases} (A+B+C) = 6 \Rightarrow A = 6 - B - C = 6 - 3C - C = 6 - 4C \\ -B + 3C = 0 \Rightarrow B = 3C \\ -4A - 2B + 2C = -12 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$-4(6-4C) - 2(3C) + 2C = -12$$

$$-24 + 16C - 6C + 2C = -12$$

$$12C = 12$$

$$\boxed{C = 1}$$

$$B = 3C$$

$$\boxed{B = 3}$$

$$A = 6 - 4C$$

$$\boxed{A = 2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)} + \frac{3}{(s+2)} + \frac{1}{(s-2)}$$

$$\boxed{F(t) = 2e^{-t} + 3e^{-2t} + e^{2t}} //$$

2

$$m = 2$$

$$L = 4$$

$$k = 10$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

$$y'(0) = 0$$

$f(t) = \delta(t) \rightarrow$ função impulso (não tem intervalo de tempo).

$$m y''(t) + L y'(t) + k y(t) = f(t)$$

$$2 y''(t) + 4 y'(t) + 10 y(t) = \delta(t)$$

Fazendo Laplace:

$$2[s^2 Y(s) - s y(0) - y'(0)] + 4[s Y(s) - y(0)] + 10 Y(s) = 1$$

$$2s^2 Y(s) + 4s Y(s) + 10 Y(s) = 1 \quad (\div 2)$$

$$s^2 Y(s) + 2s Y(s) + 5 Y(s) = 1/2$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1/2}{s^2 + 2s + 5} = \frac{1/2}{(s+1)^2 + 4} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{(s+1)^2 + 4}$$

Aplicando a Laplace inversa:

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{4} e^{-t} \sin(2t)$$