

1. Resolva os PVI's usando Transformada de Laplace.

(a) $y'' - 2y' + 5y = 0, y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 4.$ *Resp:* $2e^t \cos 2t + e^t \operatorname{sen} 2t;$

(b) $y'' + 6y' + 9y = 0, y(0) = -1, y'(0) = 6.$ *Resp:* $-e^{-3t} + 3te^{-3t};$

(c) $y'' + y = t^2 + 2, y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1.$ *Resp:* $t^2 + \cos t - \operatorname{sen} t;$

(d) $y'' - 7y' + 10y = 9 \cos t + 7 \operatorname{sen} t, y(0) = 5, y'(0) = -4.$ *Resp:*
 $\cos t - 4e^{5t} + 8e^{2t};$

(e) $\begin{cases} x' = 3x - 2y; & x(0) = 1 \\ y' = 3y - 2x; & y(0) = 1 \end{cases}.$ *Resp:* $x = e^t, y = e^t;$

(f) $\begin{cases} x' = y + \operatorname{sen} t; & x(0) = 2 \\ y' = x + 2 \cos t; & y(0) = 0 \end{cases}.$ *Resp:* $\begin{cases} x = (7/4)(e^t + e^{-t}) - (3/2) \cos t \\ y = (7/4)(e^t - e^{-t}) + (1/2) \operatorname{sen} t \end{cases};$

(g) $\begin{cases} x' + y = 3 - t; & x(0) = 0 \\ x + y' = 0; & y(0) = 0 \end{cases}.$

Resp: $\begin{cases} x = (e^t - e^{-t})/2 - (1/2)[e^{t-2} - e^{-(t-2)}](t-2) \\ y = 1 - (e^t + e^{-t})/2 - [1 - (e^{t-2} + e^{-(t-2)})/2](t-2) \end{cases};$

2. Encontre a solução geral do sistema $X'(t) = A \cdot X(t)$.

(a) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3/4 \\ -5 & -3 \end{bmatrix};$ *Resp:* $c_1 e^{3t/2} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} + c_2 e^{t/2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

(b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix};$ *Resp:* $c_1 e^{-t} \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + c_2 e^{-3t} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + c_3 e^{5t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix};$

(c) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 8 & 1 \end{bmatrix};$ *Resp:* $c_1 e^{3t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} + c_2 e^{-3t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$

(d) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix};$ *Resp:* $c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \cos 2t \\ \cos 2t + \operatorname{sen} 2t \end{bmatrix} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 2 \operatorname{sen} 2t \\ \operatorname{sen} 2t - \cos 2t \end{bmatrix}$

(e) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 \\ 8 & -1 \end{bmatrix};$ *Resp:* $c_1 e^{-t} \begin{bmatrix} \cos 4t \\ 2 \operatorname{sen} 4t \end{bmatrix} + c_2 e^{-t} \begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{sen} 4t \\ -2 \cos 4t \end{bmatrix}$

$$(f) \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}; \text{ Resp: } c_1 e^{3t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + c_2 e^{3t} \begin{bmatrix} -2t \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. Determine a solução do PVI.

$$(a) X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot X(t), \text{ com } X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}; \text{ Resp: } \begin{bmatrix} 2e^{4t} + e^{-2t} \\ 2e^{4t} - e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot X(t), \text{ com } X(\pi) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}; \text{ Resp: } \begin{bmatrix} -e^{-2(t-\pi)} \cos t \\ -e^{-2(t-\pi)} (\cos t - \text{sent}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) X'(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \cdot X(t), \text{ com } X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}; \text{ Resp: } \begin{bmatrix} -2e^{3t}(1-t) - 5e^{3t}t \\ -2e^{3t}t + 5e^{3t}(1+t) \end{bmatrix}$$